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Microsoft MS-100

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Topic Break Down

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QUESTION NO: 1 - (HOTSPOT)

HOTSPOT

You have a Microsoft SharePoint Online site and an on-premises file server.

The site contains the files shown in the following table.

Name	In SharePoint library	Last modified
File1.docx	Documents	1/11/2019
File2.docx	Documents	1/12/2019

The file server contains the files shown in the following table.

Name	In folder	Last modified
File1.docx	D:\Folder1	1/1/2020
File2.xlsx	D:\Folder1	1/13/2020
File2.xlsx	D:\Folder2	1/7/2020
File3.pptx	D:\Folder2	1/20/2020

You migrate D:\Folder1 and D:\Folder2 to the Documents library by using the SharePoint Migration Tool as shown in the following exhibit.

×

All migration settings

General

Only perform scanning [ⓘ] Off

Preserve file share permissions [ⓘ] On

Users

Automatic Active Directory Lookup [ⓘ] On

User mapping file [ⓘ]

Filters

Keep all versions [ⓘ] On

Migrate hidden files [ⓘ] On

Migrate files created after [ⓘ]

Migrate files modified after [ⓘ]

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
There will be two versions of File1.docx in the Documents library.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There will be two copies of File2.xlsx in the Documents library.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There will be a single copy of File3.pptx in the Documents library.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

ANSWER:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
There will be two versions of File1.docx in the Documents library.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
There will be two copies of File2.xlsx in the Documents library.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
There will be a single copy of File3.pptx in the Documents library.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation:

You can't have two files with the same name and extension in a SharePoint documents library. If a file on the source server has the same name and extension as an existing file in the document library, this will cause a conflict. The options for dealing with a conflict are: Skip, Merge, or Overwrite.

The "Keep all versions" setting in the exhibit is used to retain the file history for a migrated file. It does not create multiple versions of a file in a document library.

Box 1: No

File1.docx exists in the document library so this will cause a conflict.

Box 2: No

Migrating two File2.xlsx files will cause a conflict.

Box 3: Yes

There is only one File3.pptx in the source server and none in the document library so there will be no conflict.

QUESTION NO: 2

You have an on-premises web application that is published by using a URL of `https://app.contoso.local`.

You purchase a Microsoft 365 subscription.

Several external users must be able to connect to the web application.

You need to recommend a solution for external access to the application. The solution must support multi-factor authentication.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From an on-premises server, install a connector, and then publish the app.
- B. From the Azure Active Directory admin center, enable an Application Proxy.
- C. From the Azure Active Directory admin center, create a conditional access policy.
- D. From an on-premises server, install an Authentication Agent.
- E. Republish the web application by using `https://app.contoso.com`.

ANSWER: A B

Explanation:

Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) has an Application Proxy service that enables users to access on-premises applications by signing in with their Azure AD account. The application proxy enables you to take advantage of Azure AD security features like Conditional Access and Multi-Factor Authentication.

To use Application Proxy, install a connector on each Windows server you're using with the Application Proxy service. The connector is an agent that manages the outbound connection from the on-premises application servers to Application Proxy in Azure AD.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-add-on-premises-application>

QUESTION NO: 3

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest.

You deploy Microsoft 365.

You plan to implement directory synchronization.

You need to recommend a security solution for the synchronized identities. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Users must be able to authenticate successfully to Microsoft 365 services if Active Directory becomes unavailable.
- User passwords must be 10 characters or more.

Solution: Implement pass-through authentication and configure password protection in the Azure AD tenant.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

ANSWER: B

Explanation:

This solution does not meet the following requirement:

- Users must be able to authenticate successfully to Microsoft 365 services if Active Directory becomes unavailable. This is because with pass-through authentication, the authentication is performed by the on-premise Active Directory.

This solution does not meet the following requirement: ▪ Users passwords must be 10 characters or more.

To meet this requirement, you would need to configure the Default Domain Policy in the on-premise Active Directory.

Azure Password Protection can prevent users from using passwords from a 'banned password' list but it cannot be configured to require that passwords must be 10 characters or more.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/how-to-connect-password-hash-synchronization>

QUESTION NO: 4 - (SIMULATION)

SIMULATION

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.

Lab information

Use the following login credentials as needed:

To enter your username, place your cursor in the Sign in box and click on the username below.

To enter your password, place your cursor in the Enter password box and click on the password below.

Microsoft 365 Username: admin@admin.onmicrosoft.com

Microsoft 365 Password: xxxxxxxxxx

If the Microsoft 365 portal does not load successfully in the browser, press CTRL-K to reload the portal in a new browser tab.

The following information is for technical support purposes only:

Lab Instance: 111111111

You need to prevent non-administrators in your organization from registering applications.

ANSWER: See explanation below.

Explanation:

You need to configure the App Registrations setting in Azure Active Directory.

1. Go to the Azure Active Directory admin center.
2. Select Azure Active Directory.
3. Select 'User settings'
4. In the 'App registrations' section, toggle the 'Users can register applications' setting to No.
5. Click Save to save the changes.

QUESTION NO: 5

Your company has a Microsoft Office 365 subscription with a number of Microsoft SharePoint Online sites.

Currently, users are able to invite external users to access files on the SharePoint sites. You are tasked with making sure that users are only able to authenticated guest users to the SharePoint sites.

Which of the following actions should you take?

- A. You should create a threat management policy via the Security & Compliance admin center.
- B. You should run the Set-SPOsite cmdlet.
- C. You should run the Add-SPOuser cmdlet.
- D. You should modify the sharing settings via the SharePoint admin center.

ANSWER: D

QUESTION NO: 6

Your company has a sales system that emails an alert to all the members of the sales department when a new sale is made.

You need to ensure that a notification is posted to a team channel when a new sale is made. The solution must minimize development effort.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Post XML to the webhook URL from the existing sales system.
- B. Set the configurationUrl property of a connector in the manifest
- C. Get an incoming webhook for the channel
- D. Post JSON to the webhook URL from the existing sales system.

ANSWER: A C

QUESTION NO: 7

Your company has a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You plan to move several archived PST files to Microsoft Exchange Online mailboxes.

You need to create an import job for the PST files.

Which three actions should you perform before you create the import job? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a Microsoft Azure Storage account.
- B. From Microsoft 365 Security & Compliance, retrieve the SAS key.
- C. Run azcopy.exe to copy the PST files to Microsoft Azure Storage
- D. Use Microsoft Azure Storage Explorer to copy the PST files to Azure Storage.
- E. Create a PST import mapping file.

ANSWER: B C E

Explanation:

The first step is to download and install the Azure AzCopy tool, which is the tool that you run in Step 2 to upload PST files to Office 365. You also copy the SAS URL for your organization. This URL is a combination of the network URL for the Azure

Storage location in the Microsoft cloud for your organization and a Shared Access Signature (SAS) key. This key provides you with the necessary permissions to upload PST files to your Azure Storage location.

Now you're ready to use the AzCopy.exe tool to upload PST files to Office 365. This tool uploads and stores them in an Azure Storage location in the Microsoft cloud.

After the PST files have been uploaded to the Azure Storage location for your Office 365 organization, the next step is to create a comma-separated value (CSV) file that specifies which user mailboxes the PST files will be imported to. You'll submit this CSV file when you create a PST Import job.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/securitycompliance/use-network-upload-to-import-pst-files>

QUESTION NO: 8

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription that uses an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

A temporary employee at your company uses an email address of user1@outlook.com.

You need to ensure that the temporary employee can sign in to contoso.com by using the user1@outlook.com account.

What should you do?

- A. From the Azure Active Directory admin center, create a new user.
- B. From the Microsoft 365 admin center, create a new contact.
- C. From the Azure Active Directory admin center, create a new guest user.
- D. From the Microsoft 365 admin center, create a new user.

ANSWER: C

Explanation:

You can invite guest users to the directory, to a group, or to an application. After you invite a user through any of these methods, the invited user's account is added to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), with a user type of Guest. The guest user must then redeem their invitation to access resources. An invitation of a user does not expire.

The invitation will include a link to create a Microsoft account. The user can then authenticate using their Microsoft account. In this question, the external vendor already has a Microsoft account (user1@outlook.com) so he can authenticate using that.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/b2b/add-users-administrator>

QUESTION NO: 9

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You need to prevent users from accessing your Microsoft SharePoint Online sites unless the users are connected to your on-premises network.

Solution: From the Azure Active Directory admin center, you create a trusted location and a conditional access policy.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

Conditional Access in SharePoint Online can be configured to use an IP Address white list to allow access.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/location-condition>

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/Microsoft-SharePoint-Blog/Conditional-Access-in-SharePoint-Onlineand-OneDrive-for/ba-p/46678>

QUESTION NO: 10 - (HOTSPOT)

HOTSPOT

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Group	MFA Status
User1	Group1	Enabled
User2	Group1, Group2	Enforced

You have the named locations shown in the following table.

Named location	IP range
Montreal	133.107.0.0/16
Toronto	193.77.10.0/24

You create a conditional access policy that has the following configurations:

- Users and groups:
 - Include: Group1
 - Exclude: Group2
- Cloud apps: Include all cloud apps
- Conditions:
 - Include: Any location
 - Exclude: Montreal
- Access control: Grant access, Require multi-factor authentication

User1 is on the multi-factor authentication (MFA) blocked users list.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area	Statements	Yes	No
	User1 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 133.107.10.20.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	User1 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 193.77.10.15.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
	User2 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 193.77.10.20.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

ANSWER:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
User1 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 133.107.10.20.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User1 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 193.77.10.15.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
User2 can access Microsoft Office 365 from a device that has an IP address of 193.77.10.20.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation:

The Blocked User list is used to block specific users from being able to receive Multi-Factor Authentication requests. Any authentication attempts for blocked users are automatically denied. Users remain blocked for 90 days from the time that they are blocked.

Box 1: Yes

133.107.10.20 is in the Montreal named location. The conditional access policy excludes Montreal so the policy does not apply. Therefore, User1 can access Microsoft Office 365.

Box 2: No

193.77.10.15 is in the Toronto named location. The conditional access policy applies to Group1 which User1 is a member of and all locations except for Montreal. Therefore, the conditional access policy applies in this case. The policy requires MFA but User1 is on the MFA blocked list so he is unable to use MFA. Therefore, User1 cannot access Microsoft 365.

Box 3: Yes

User2 is in Group1 and Group2. The conditional access policy applies to Group1 but excludes Group2. Therefore, the conditional access policy does not apply in this case so User2 can access Microsoft Office 365.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-mfa-mfasettings>

QUESTION NO: 11

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Microsoft 365 admin role	Microsoft Exchange Online admin role
User1	Global admin	<i>None</i>
User2	Exchange admin	<i>None</i>
User3	Service support admin	<i>None</i>
User4	<i>None</i>	Organization Management

You plan to use Exchange Online to manage email for a DNS domain.

An administrator adds the DNS domain to the subscription.

The DNS domain has a status of incomplete setup.

You need to identify which user can complete the setup of the DNS domain. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.

Which user should you identify?

- A. User1
- B. User2
- C. User3
- D. User4

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/admin/setup/add-domain?view=o365-worldwide>

QUESTION NO: 12

You recently migrated your on-premises email solution to Microsoft Exchange Online and are evaluating which licenses to purchase.

You want the members of two groups named IT and Managers to be able to use the features shown in the following table.

Feature	Available to
Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) conditional access	IT group, Managers group
Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Privileged Identity Management	IT group

The IT group contains 50 users. The Managers group contains 200 users.

You need to recommend which licenses must be purchased for the planned solution. The solution must minimize licensing costs.

Which licenses should you recommend?

- A. 250 Microsoft 365 E3 only
- B. 50 Microsoft 365 E3 and 200 Microsoft 365 E5
- C. 250 Microsoft 365 E5 only
- D. 200 Microsoft 365 E3 and 50 Microsoft 365 E5

ANSWER: D

Explanation:

Microsoft Azure Active Directory Privileged Identity Management requires an Azure AD Premium P2 license. This license comes as part of the Microsoft 365 E5 license. Therefore, we need 50 Microsoft 365 E5 licenses for the IT group.

Conditional Access requires the Azure AD Premium P1 license. This comes as part of the Microsoft E3 license. Therefore, we need 200 Microsoft 365 E3 licenses for the Managers group.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/subscription-requirements>

QUESTION NO: 13

Your company has on-premises servers and a Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

Several months ago, the Azure AD Connect Health agent was installed on all the servers.

You review the health status of all the servers regularly.

Recently, you attempted to view the health status of a server named Server1 and discovered that the server is NOT listed on the Azure Active Directory Connect Servers list.

You suspect that another administrator removed Server1 from the list.

You need to ensure that you can view the health status of Server1.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From Windows PowerShell, run the Register-AzureADConnectHealthSyncAgent cmdlet.
- B. From Azure Cloud shell, run the Connect-AzureAD cmdlet.
- C. From Server1, change the Azure AD Connect Health services Startup type to Automatic (Delayed Start).
- D. From Server1, change the Azure AD Connect Health services Startup type to Automatic.
- E. From Server1, reinstall the Azure AD Connect Health agent.

ANSWER: A E

Explanation:

question states that another administrator removed Server1 from the list. To view the health status of Server1, you need to re-register the AD Connect Health Sync Agent. You can do this manually by running the Register-AzureADConnectHealthSyncAgent cmdlet. Alternatively, you can reinstall the Azure AD Connect Health agent. The Azure AD Connect Health agent is registered as part of the installation.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/how-to-connect-health-agent-install>

QUESTION NO: 14 - (DRAG DROP)

DRAG DROP

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You purchase a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You plan to migrate the Home folder of each user to Microsoft 365 during several weeks. Each user has a device that runs Windows 10.

You need to recommend a solution to migrate the Home folder of five administrative users as quickly as possible.

Which three actions should you recommend be performed in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

Actions

Instruct the users to run `gpupdate.exe /force` at a command prompt on each device.

From Group Policy Management Editor, configure the OneDrive settings.

Copy the OneDrive Administrative Templates to your computer.

From Group Policy Management Editor, configure the Folder Redirection settings.

Deploy the Azure File Sync agent to all devices.

From SharePoint Online, create 10 libraries.

Answer Area



ANSWER:

Actions

Instruct the users to run `gpupdate.exe /force` at a command prompt on each device.

From Group Policy Management Editor, configure the OneDrive settings.

Copy the OneDrive Administrative Templates to your computer.

From Group Policy Management Editor, configure the Folder Redirection settings.

Deploy the Azure File Sync agent to all devices.

From SharePoint Online, create 10 libraries.

Answer Area

Copy the OneDrive Administrative Templates to your computer.

From Group Policy Management Editor, configure the OneDrive settings.

Instruct the users to run `gpupdate.exe /force` at a command prompt on each device.



Explanation:

You need to configure a Group Policy Object (GPO) with the OneDrive settings required to redirect the Home folder of each user to Microsoft 365.

Before you can configure the Group Policy, you need to download the OneDrive Administrative Templates. These templates add the required OneDrive settings to Group Policy so you can configure the settings as required.

After the OneDrive settings have been configured in Group Policy, you can run the `gpupdate /force` command on the five computers to apply the new Group Policy settings immediately.

Reference: <https://practical365.com/clients/onedrive/migrate-home-drives-to-onedrive-for-business/>

QUESTION NO: 15

Your company has configured all user email to be stored in Microsoft Exchange Online.

You have been tasked with keeping a duplicate of all the email messages from a specified user that includes a specific word.

Solution: You start by creating a label and label policy via the Security & Compliance admin center.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/information-protection/configure-policy-classification>

QUESTION NO: 16

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You suspect that several Microsoft Office 365 applications or services were recently updated.

You need to identify which applications or services were recently updated.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From the Microsoft 365 admin center, review the Message center blade.
- B. From the Office 365 Admin mobile app, review the messages.
- C. From the Microsoft 365 admin center, review the Products blade.
- D. From the Microsoft 365 admin center, review the Service health blade.

ANSWER: A B

Explanation:

The Message center in the Microsoft 365 admin center is where you would go to view a list of the features that were recently updated in the tenant. This is where Microsoft posts official messages with information including new and changed features, planned maintenance, or other important announcements.

The messages displayed in the Message center can also be viewed by using the Office 365 Admin mobile app.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/admin/manage/message-center?view=o365-worldwide>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/admin/admin-overview/admin-mobile-app?view=o365-worldwide>

QUESTION NO: 17

Your company's Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant includes four users. Two of the users are configured with the Global administrator, Password administrator roles respectively. A third user has both the Security administrator and the Guest inviter roles configured. The fourth user has no roles configured. Which of the following is the user that has the necessary permissions to create guest users? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. The user with the Global administrator role.
- B. The user with the Password administrator role.
- C. The user with the Security administrator and Guest inviter roles.
- D. The user with no roles.

ANSWER: A C

QUESTION NO: 18 - (DRAG DROP)

DRAG DROP

You have a pilot app named App1 deployed to a Microsoft Power Platform production environment named Prod1.

You need to reset the Prod1 environment in preparation for the production deployment of App1.

Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

Actions

Reset the Prod1 environment

Convert the Prod1 environment to a sandbox environment.

Convert the Prod1 environment to a production environment.

Sign in to the Power Platform admin center.

Sign in to the make.powerapps.com maker portal.

Answer Area



ANSWER:

Actions

Reset the Prod1 environment

Convert the Prod1 environment to a sandbox environment.

Convert the Prod1 environment to a production environment.

Sign in to the Power Platform admin center.

Sign in to the make.powerapps.com maker portal.

Answer Area

Sign in to the Power Platform admin center.

Convert the Prod1 environment to a sandbox environment.

Reset the Prod1 environment

Convert the Prod1 environment to a production environment.

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-platform/admin/switch-environment> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-platform/admin/reset-environment>

QUESTION NO: 19

You are developing a new Microsoft Teams app that will contain the following functionality:

- Start a new chat
- Prompt users to install an app.
- Make a Microsoft Graph API call.
- Trigger a search-based command.

Which two functionalities can be implemented by using a deep link? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

- A. Prompt users to install an app.
- B. Trigger a search-based command.
- C. Start a new chat
- D. Make a Microsoft Graph API call.

ANSWER: A C

QUESTION NO: 20 - (SIMULATION)

SIMULATION

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

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Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.

Lab information

Use the following login credentials as needed:

To enter your username, place your cursor in the Sign in box and click on the username below.

To enter your password, place your cursor in the Enter password box and click on the password below.

Microsoft 365 Username: admin@admin.onmicrosoft.com

Microsoft 365 Password: xxxxxxxxxx

If the Microsoft 365 portal does not load successfully in the browser, press CTRL-K to reload the portal in a new browser tab.

The following information is for technical support purposes only:

Lab Instance: 111111111

You plan to allow the users in your organization to invite external users as guest users to your Microsoft 365 tenant.

You need to prevent the organization's users from inviting guests who have an email address that uses a suffix of @gmail.com.

ANSWER: See explanation below.

Explanation:

You need to add gmail.com as a denied domain in the 'External collaboration settings'.

1. Go to the Azure Active Directory admin center.
2. Select Users then select 'User settings'.
3. Under External Users, select the 'Manage external collaboration settings'.
4. Under 'Collaboration restrictions', select the 'Deny invitations to the specified domains' option.
5. Under, Target Domains, type in the domain name 'gmail.com'
6. Click the Save button at the top of the screen to save your changes.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/b2b/allow-deny-list>