Certified Professional Contracts Manager

NCMA CPCM

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| QUESTION NO: 1 |
|---|
| What is determined by evaluating consistency among a potential source's management, technical, and price proposals? |
| A. Award |
| B. Realism |
| C. Disbursement |
| D. Stability |
| |
| ANSWER: B |
| |
| QUESTION NO: 2 |
| The art and science of managing a contractual agreement throughout the contracting process is called: |
| A. Contract management |
| B. Contract Agreement process |
| C. Contractual Authorities |
| D. Contractual business |
| |
| ANSWER: A |
| |
| QUESTION NO: 3 |
| The most expensive and labor-intensive phase in creating a disciplined program management organization is the: |
| A. Awakening |
| B. implementing |
| C. professionalizing |
| D. enterprising |
| |
| ANSWER: B |

QUESTION NO: 4

Which of the following is Correct?

- **A.** cost-plus-award fee contracts include subjective incentives, in which the profit the seller earns depends on how well the seller satisfies a buyer's subjective desires.
- **B.** cost-plus-incentive fee contracts include subjective incentives, in which the profit the seller earns depends on how well the seller satisfies a buyer's objective desires.
- **C.** cost-plus-award fee contracts include objective incentives, in which the profit the buyer earns depends on how well the seller satisfies a buyer's objective desires.
- **D.** cost-plus-incentive fee contracts include objective incentives, in which the profit the buyer earns depends on how well the buyer satisfies a seller's subjective desires.

ANSWER: A

QUESTION NO: 5

Governments commonly use what type of contracts when contracting with universities and nonprofit organizations for research projects?

- A. Written contracts
- B. Variable contracts
- C. Cost reimbursement contracts
- D. Cost sharing contracts

ANSWER: C

QUESTION NO: 6

A legal connection or relationship that exists between the contracting parties is known as:

- A. Contract plaintiff
- **B.** Contract privity
- C. Bilateral Contract
- D. Civil contract

ANSWER: B

| QUESTION NO: 7 |
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| A progress report from many observers, and technical reviews and audits is called: |
| A. Direct observation |
| B. Indirect observation |
| C. Contractual audit |
| D. Change observation |
| ANSWER: B |
| QUESTION NO: 8 |
| Which of the following is NOT the risk analysis factor from the seller's perspective? |
| A. Buyer commitment |
| B. Contract timetable |
| C. Contract duration |
| D. promote seller's strategic direction |
| |
| ANSWER: D |
| |
| QUESTION NO: 9 |
| The risk avoiding buyer wants to minimize the risk of agreeing to a higher price than necessary to cover the buyer's costs plus a reasonable profit. |
| A. True |
| B. False |
| ANSWER: B |
| |
| QUESTION NO: 10 |
| Documentation of any contract management processes is and throughout the organization. |
| A. Ad hoc and efficient |
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- B. Hostile and managed
- C. Ad hoc and hostile
- **D.** Ad hoc and inconsistent

ANSWER: D